

## XXXVII—NO. 45

**Weather Forecast.**  
Western Pennsylvania and Ohio—  
Threatening and rain; high southerly  
winds.



## A RUSKIN LECTURE.

ONE THAT WAS HEARD IN A NOTED LONDON DRAWING ROOM.

Famous People Who Were Present on That Occasion, but Who Have Since Passed Away—Why Mrs. Bishop, the Hostess, Was Not Happy.

Fifty years Mrs. O'Connor Morris Bishop's use in Prince of Wales' terrace was a rendezvous of authors and journalists, churchmen and politicians, as well as of French men and women of distinction. One habitue was Mrs. Augustus Craven, a member of the delightful de la Ferriera family, whom one knows so intimately through her "Revue de l'Europe" and after Mrs. Craven's death her "Life" was written by Mrs. Bishop. In that drawing room in Prince of Wales' terrace great things were done. There one heard Coventry Patmore read aloud his "Dolce" and Mr. Ruskin lecture to an audience of guests on the occasion of one of his last appearances in general society.

That was in June of the year 1883. The professor, as Mr. Ruskin was then commonly called—and the name suited him who was and was proud to be a teacher—had had his first illness, and his coming into the world again was something in the nature of a resurrection; such at least it seemed to some, and there was about the whole man a spiritual presence belonging only to those who in one way or other are dead to this world. During his illness he had grown his brown beard, and his thick brown hair was brushed close to his head, which is abnormally flat at the top, so that at a little distance he looked like the picture of a hooded Capuchin friar. Nor would that description have been one he would wish to repudiate, for the professor had been dreaming many dreams during his illness and before it, and once he had dreamed that he was a friar of St. Francis.

After that in actual waking life he was in Rome, and each day on the steps of the Pincio, within sight of the window, which slowly grew "a glimmering square" to the dying eyes of Keats, he used to give alms to an old beggar man. The beggar man once kissed his hand, whereupon the benefactor—all Englishman and a professor though he was—stooped down on an impulse and kissed the beggar on the cheek. On the next day the beggar came to his lodging with tears of gratitude and with an offering—a shred of the brown robe which had once been worn by St. Francis. Then the professor remembered his old dream, that he, too, was a Franciscan, and he set off to Assisi and to the convent of St. Francis, where he had his reward in a sight of the frescoes of Giotto and much more besides.

But now he was back for the moment in a London drawing room face to face with an audience of friends. It is years ago, yet what changes, what endings, what tragedies come to mind as one recalls that interesting group! Mr. Lowell was there, man of the world, man of two continents, and hence doubly mundane, yet also man of letters. Alas, mundane now no more! Matthew Arnold was there, mundane, too, by the measure of the man he had come to hear. Not of this world any more. Lord Leighton came late, and came late purposely, nervous lest his sensitiveness should be shattered by some sally of that lecturer of whom, as a critic, it had once been said, "D—n him, why doesn't he back his friends?" That sensitive presence is ours no more. Nor is that of Sir Edward Burne-Jones, who snatched himself that afternoon in Ruskin's favor. Miss Jean Ingelow, a true woman and therefore sure of Ruskin, was there, but she is not here. Mr. Hutton of The Spectator sat beside Mr. Knowles of The Nineteenth Century, a contrast in editors, of whom one is taken and the other left, and others of the then young generation are of the elder now—Miss Gladstone, great then as a daughter, and Hallam Teunisson, great then as a son. He perhaps was a little bored by talk about "Francesca's Book," and took notes of that blue tie of the lecturer of which he was to tell us in his father's future biography.

The lecture was a good deal about Miss Frances Alexander, that American woman who had then spent half her life among the peasants of Tuscany, studying their manners, their songs, their legends, their religion. Then the lecturer spoke of children's books—their needed grace, their imagination, their sweet mission in dealing with peace, dutifulness and innocence. Kate Greenaway, he said, he adored, and, catching sight of my Lord Leighton, he congratulated him on having so much of the Goth in him that he cared to show the world the childhood of a goddess. Lord Leighton was not sure how to take it, and the professor went on quickly to say that it was only when Christianity was fully interpreted to the nations that the woman and child became the center of all that was beautiful and pure in nature and in art. Coming to modern authors, Ruskin—with whom Mr. Henley would be one for once—paid homage to Dickens as a benefactor of the child, but no word had he for George Eliot, an author he had scorned. And all this was gayly interspersed with denunciations of railway bridges, steam printing presses, mowing machines and The Times newspaper.

Mrs. Bishop was a happy hostess that afternoon or should have been, but when you congratulated her she only replied, "What a pity that Mr. Browning could not come!"—London Academy.

Would Suit Her.

"Oh, my friends, there are some spectacles that one never forgets!" said a lecturer after describing a terrible accident he had witnessed.

"I'd like to know where they sell 'em," remarked an old lady in the audience, who is always mislaying her glasses.—Exchange.

## A MONOMANIACAL WITNESS.

How His Phase of Lunacy Was Developed During a Trial.

"That calls to mind a queer experience of my own," said a lawyer who had listened to a story. "Six years ago I attended a trial for murder in a little southern town, and the worst witness I had against it was an old woman who was a stammerer by trade. A stack of the war is nearly an hour's talk for her."

"The witness was perfectly honest and gave his evidence in such a clear, straightforward manner that I felt my heart was drawn out of me. I could think of no way to break it down. While I was watching my brains a friend who was sitting next to me, how high he could jump a stack. 'What do you mean?' I asked, in surprise. 'Never mind,' said my friend. 'Just slip in and out of it.'"

"At the end of the cross-examination I was struck by an attraction, and said, 'You are a stammerer, are you?' 'Yes, sir,' replied the witness. 'Will you, I continued, 'told me how high you can jump?' 'I never got any farther. A swift, insatiable change descended over the German's face, and he rose excitedly from his chair. 'As high as Germany!' he roared. 'So high does angels come around it like birds!'"

"In five seconds he was raving. You see, the man was a monomaniac—sure on every subject but one, and my friend happened to know his weak spot. It is hardly necessary to say that his evidence in regard to the homicide was promptly ruled out by the judge, and as there was no other witness of importance my man was cleared. The rascal should have been hanged and would have been but for the lucky reference to the stack."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

## TWO OF THEM.

Private O'Mars' Tart Retort to His Unaccommodating Colonel.

Here is a story told of Patrick O'Mars, a private in the Ninth regulars: Not long ago he went to the colonel, who was a severe disciplinarian, for a two weeks' leave of absence.

"Well," said the colonel, "what do you want a two weeks' furlough for?" Patrick answered, "Me wife is very sick, and the children are not well, and if ye didn't mind she would like to have me home for a few weeks to give her a bit of assistance."

The colonel eyed him for a few minutes and said: "Patrick, I might grant your request, but I got a letter from your wife this morning saying that she didn't want you home; that you were a nuisance and raised the devil whenever you were there. She hopes I won't let you have any more furloughs."

"That settles it. I suppose I can't get the furlough then," said Pat.

"No, I'm afraid not, Patrick. It wouldn't be well for me to do so under the circumstances."

It was Patrick's turn now to eye the colonel as he started for the door. Stopping suddenly, he said: "Colonel, can I say something to ye?"

"Certainly, Patrick. What is it?" "You won't get mad, colonel, if I say it?"

"Certainly not, Patrick. What is it?" "I want to say there are two splendid liars in this room, and I'm one of them. I was never married in me life!"—New York Tribune.

## She Studied French.

Four young women were walking together on Charles street today and engaged in animated conversation. "What do you think I done today, Clara?" said one. "I translated 40 pages of French exercise. Wasn't that fine?"

"Fine," said the other. "I should say it was. I wish I had done as good. I only translated 20."

Comment is unnecessary, but one feels like asking, Is this a sign of the times? Is what Miss Butterly called "United States American English" being neglected for the so called accomplishments?

One can forgive the woman who, gazing at some renaissance lace, blaudily remarks, "Ah, that is the 'Rennysant,'" but for the girl who assiduously studies French and murders English meanwhile, as Macbeth murdered sleep, there seems no possible excuse.—Baltimore News.

## What Is a Signature?

When Constable was requested to put his signature to one of his pictures, he answered, "Why, my dear sir, it is signed all over." Let the preacher preserve his personality, and his sermon also will be "signed all over." A number of Thackeray's pen and ink sketches were sold not long since in London, and, although they bore no monogram or signature, no one disputed their genuineness. A true preacher also cannot be hid.

That which John had seen and with his own hands handled of the word of life could never be to any other person just what it was to him. A preacher who puts himself into his sermon is as readily detected in his sermon as anywhere else. Even his apprehension of truth, his way of looking at it, his fashion of delivering it, is all his own. Let us repeat it. His sermon will be "signed all over."—Homiletic Review.

## Perish the Thought!

First Gaffer—I believe I could make some money getting out a cheap golf dictionary.

Second Gaffer—Don't do it, man; don't do it. Do you want the sacred language of the game to become common?—Indianapolis Journal.

## A Work of the Imagination.

"You are not looking at my face now at all," said the sifter.

"No," observed the painter. "I'm putting in the expression now."—Chicago Tribune.

## ROMAN WEALTH AND WASTE.

Pearls Dissolved In Wine and a Reclining of Dinners For Mark Antony.

E. H. House, writing on "Bright Sides of History" in St. Nicholas, tells this story of ancient extravagance:

"The pearl which Cleopatra drank to Antony's health was valued at nearly \$400,000, so at one mouthful she disposed of as much as the cost of Caligula's supper. I suppose that was the most valuable pearl we have any knowledge of. Though Julius Caesar owned one worth \$250,000, which he gave to the mother of Brutus—the same Brutus who afterward helped to kill Caesar. Pearls seem to have held out particular temptations to people who took pleasure in wasteful follies, perhaps because no other jewel could be so easily swallowed."

"Cleopatra's prank was not the first of its kind. The same absurdity had been committed by a silly fellow in Rome named Esop—not your favorite fable teller, for he lived centuries earlier, and was a very wise man. The Roman Esop was the son of a rich actor, and just to make himself talked about, he took a pearl from the eardrop of Caelicia, the wife of the tyrant Sylla, and, according to writers of that age, drank it in vinegar. I believe that the possibility of dissolving this kind of gem is disputed by many modern authorities, but the ancients appear to have had no doubt on the subject, for the instances recorded by them were numerous and were attested by men of scientific standing. A Japanese naturalist, who has studied pearls minutely, states that he has found them of such various quality and structure that the existence of specimens which might be melted does not seem to him inconceivable. But whether Esop liquefied his pearl or not the performance certainly cost him a sum equivalent to \$40,000—quite enough, though nothing in comparison with what Cleopatra squandered. Hers was the wildest piece of extravagance that I can recall."

"It was the fashion to be extravagant then. Mary Antony was not far behind the Egyptian queen in that respect, though his fancy was not for beverages flavored by triquets. Substantial food was more in his line. A visitor who once went into the kitchen of his palace in Alexandria saw eight wild boars roasting at the same time and thought there must be an immense number of guests expected, but the cook told him only 12 persons would dine that day, and the reason of the extensive preparations was that no one could say exactly when Antony would get to the table. But whenever he gave the signal the meat must be just in proper condition at that moment. So it was the rule to get ready a series of dinners, overlapping one another, you might say, at intervals of 15 or 20 minutes. Only one could be eaten, and the rest were wasted, but the waste did not matter. Antony was never kept waiting, and that, in his opinion, was the thing to be considered."

## MY LADY NICOTINE.

The Alleged Effects of Tobacco and Its Enormous Consumption.

Probably no pleasure of life has had its praises so much sung as smoking. Here is the other side. Doctors say tobacco used in excess produces:

Palpitation of the heart, muscular tremblings, weakness and paralysis of the legs, dizziness of the head, noises in the ears, cold perspiration all over the body, colicky pains in the stomach, inability to exert the mind, congestion and sore throat, burning of the tongue, dry and parched mouth, tartar and blackness of the teeth, confusion of sight, catarrh of the stomach, catarrh of the throat and nose, sallow complexion, very bad dyspepsia, lopsided mouth, nervous anxiety, cancer of the lips, diminished appetite, pale and anaemic gums, loss of memory, omission of every fifth pulse beat, ruin of the will power, irritability of temper, extreme and incurable melancholy, restlessness and sleeplessness, blindness and deafness, apoplexy and paralysis, convulsions and death.

In the case of children it stunts their growth, when a person is consumptive it hastens his death, when the heart is weak it almost completely stops the beating, when you have a cough tobacco keeps it going for weeks, and it interferes with singing and swallowing.

Yet about 1,500,000,000 pounds of it are smoked every year.—New York World.

## Worthy of Whistler.

As an artist Jack Gamble is considered as independent as he is successful. He possesses an unlimited quantity of candor, upon the expression of which he places no restraint. He is much liked notwithstanding, and was not long ago offered a commission to paint the portrait of a certain wealthy man, whose features are more remarkable for their bloom than for their refinement. Jack critically scanned the broad features of his proposed subject.

"Upon one condition will I paint you," he declared dramatically.

"What?" gasped the amazed Croesus, speechless at the effrontery of this poverty stricken artist.

"Yes," pursued Gamble, with easy grace. "Upon condition that I shall be allowed to put in a little intelligence."

And the funny part of it was that Jack got the commission.—San Francisco News Letter.

## Tackling.

"What do they mean by 'tackling'?" asked a young woman on her first sail of a young woman who was on her second.

"Why," said the wise one in a careful whisper, "tackling is just—just sailing on the bias, Helen."—Exchange.

## Right on the Head.

Trainer—Hit him like a nail. Pnglist—Like a nail?

Trainer—Yes; on the head.—Syracuse Herald.

Hostess—Good night, General! So kind of me to have asked you. Guest—Not at all. So kind of me to have come!—Punch.

"And," continued the physician, as he was about to leave, "eat only what agrees with you." "But, doctor, how am I to know whether it agrees with me until after I eat it?"—Yonker's Statesman.

Old Boarder—"No; there are no cliches in this boarding-house. New Boarder—"No? Old Boarder—"No, indeed! We all ride different wheels and every one has his own remedy for dyspepsia.—Puck.

Hicks—It is rather humiliating for a man to have more people at his funeral than at his wedding. Wicks—"I don't know. A man doesn't have to reciprocate for attentions—shown him at his funeral.—Boston Transcript.

Pat—Do ye mind, Moike, how the Grakes do be all goin' home to fight? Moike—I jee; an' I be thinkin' that it's a gude thing for this country that the Oirish ain't all Grakes, or this kentry wud be depopulated of all its constabulary, he gob.—Philadelphia North American.

## A CITIZEN DISCUSSES

One of the Vital Questions of the Day Fraught with Interest to Massillon People.

If there is anything in local education when compared with foreign, there is anything more convincing than the evidence held by people we know that those entertained by utter strangers, then Massillon people have the opportunity of their lives to decide these points when they read the views and opinions given below by Wm. Castleman, of 344 Plum street, township trustee of Perry who said to our representative who called on him at his residence. "An old friend of mine who lives in Mill street, if you don't know him and you want to when you meet the tallest man in town you may be sure it is he. He was walking along with his hands on his back. I said to him, 'Well, David, how are you coming on?' He replied, 'poorly this kidney trouble is killing me. Then I said to him, 'You go down to Bultz's drug store and get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and they will cure you. For I tried them and they cured me and I was troubled for a good while with backache, it being very weak and aching terribly. When I stooped to lift any thing or sat any length of time, the first move I made meant a sharp stinging pain across the loins. When I took cold it affected my back first, making it ache much worse. Well after taking Doan's Kidney Pills two days I said to my wife, they are helping me, and they continued to do so right along. I told a number of other people whom I am acquainted with, that Doan's Kidney Pills are a mighty good remedy and I shall continue to tell them so.'"

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50c. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Central Standard  
Bellaire..... 5:50  
Urichsville..... 6:05 12:45 4:25  
New Philadelphia..... 5:20 8:10 2:45 6:37  
Canal Dover..... 5:45 8:35 3:10 7:06  
Justus..... 6:14 9:07 3:40 7:36  
Massillon..... 6:30 9:22 3:58 7:56  
Canal Fulton..... 6:45 9:37 4:13 8:11  
Warwick..... 6:55 9:49 4:23 8:21  
Sterling..... 7:17 10:12 4:47 8:47  
Seville..... 7:24 10:18 4:54 8:54  
Medina..... 7:45 10:37 5:15 9:15  
Brooklyn..... 8:00 10:49 5:30 9:30  
Lester..... 8:20 11:04 5:50 9:50  
Cleveland..... 8:35 11:50 6:05 10:05

South Bound  
Main Line  
Central Standard  
Cleveland..... 7:20 1:00 4:45  
Urichsville..... 7:35 1:15 5:00  
Lester..... 7:55 1:35 5:20  
Medina..... 8:25 2:11 5:50  
Chippewa Lake..... 8:47 2:33 6:12  
Seville..... 8:54 2:39 6:19  
Warwick..... 9:15 2:59 6:39  
Canal Fulton..... 9:22 3:05 6:47  
Massillon..... 9:41 3:28 7:01 8:30  
Justus..... 9:58 3:45 7:30 8:46  
Canal Dover..... 10:31 4:18 8:05 9:16  
New Philadelphia..... 10:39 4:18 8:16 9:26  
Bridgeville..... 11:25 4:50 8:55 10:00  
Urichsville..... 1:30 5:10 9:10 10:14  
Cleveland..... 1:35 5:15 9:15 10:19

Central Standard  
Lorain Branch  
Lorain..... 7:00 1:05 4:55 8:50  
Elyria..... 7:15 1:20 5:10 9:05  
Grafton..... 7:34 1:38 5:28 9:23  
Lorain..... 7:53 1:57 5:45 9:40

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The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.  
"B. & O. System."  
Taking Effect Oct. 1, 1898.  
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No. 46 No. 4 No. 8 No. 10 No. 6  
Massillon A. M. 8:05 A. M. 11:30 P. M. 3:30 P. M. 6:30  
Canton 8:35 8:55 P. M. 12:01 4:19 7:30  
Akron 8:55 9:20 1:00 5:15 8:25  
Cleveland 9:05 10:30 2:10 6:35 9:35

SOUTH BOUND.  
No. 1 No. 2 No. 7 No. 6 No. 4  
Cleveland A. M. 7:25 A. M. 11:00 P. M. 1:15 P. M. 8:30 P. M. 6:35  
Akron 8:42 P. M. 12:18 4:40 7:55  
Canton 9:50 1:08 2:58 6:44 9:48  
Massillon 10:30 2:10 8:30 6:44 9:30

\*Daily, \*Daily except Sunday.  
E. W. Busby, Ticket Agent, Hotel Satter.

Canton-Massillon Electric Ry.—Interurban  
On and after Sunday, Oct. 31st, 1898, Interurban trains will leave the Public Square at Canton, for Massillon, and the City Park, Massillon, for Canton, hourly, on the half hour, as follows:

STANDARD TIME.  
5:30 a. m. 12:25 p. m. 6:30 p. m.  
6:30 a. m. 1:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m.  
7:30 a. m. 2:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m.  
8:30 a. m. 3:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m.  
9:30 a. m. 4:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m.  
10:30 a. m. 5:30 p. m.

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## -- TRAVELER'S REGISTER. --

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central St. Time

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Co.  
Schedules in effect Nov. 13th, 1898.

North Bound.  
Main Line.

Central Standard  
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## POLICE FUND SHORT.

Extra Expenses Accountable for the Deficit.

## THE OFFICE OF CITY MARSHAL.

Why Steps were Taken to Abolish It—Practically Nothing to do but Draw His Salary—The Result of the Council's Investigation.

The original idea of abolishing the office of city marshal and appointing in his stead a chief of police was created nearly two years ago, and was occasioned by a statement on the part of the mayor that the marshal had practically no duties to perform. The salary of this officer was then considered a useless expenditure of money by the council, but after a thorough investigation it was found that there was no law to abolish the office. It was not the intention, as many believe, to appoint an outside person to the force, but had the marshal been dismissed a chief would have been selected from the force. It was also the intention to reduce the salary of the policemen at least five dollars and to increase that of the officer appointed chief five or ten dollars.

The fees, which the marshal is now entitled to, however, were to have been divided among the members of the force and would more than make up the reduction. Had the project been carried out the force would have been reduced, thus saving the city the amount paid the marshal as salary, but the chief would have been required to do regular duty. City Clerk Haring stated today that the police fund is now not sufficiently large to meet expenses. The officers will be paid for January, but this will exhaust the fund leaving nothing to meet the February salaries nor expenses for janitors, etc. The shortage, Mr. Haring says, will amount to about \$500 and was occasioned by the appointment of extra police and other extra expenses.

## GOING TO MANILA.

Otto Bantz Writes a Letter From Fort Crook, Nebraska.

FORT CROOK, Neb., Dec. 26.

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT: I will take advantage of a few moments I have to spare to let my friends in Massillon know that I am in the best of health and well pleased with the life at Fort Crook, but our time here is short, as the Twenty-second infantry will soon leave for service in the Philippines. Yesterday being Christmas, my soldier friend, Wm. Bruntige, and I were granted leave of absence, to enable us to respond to an invitation to take dinner with Mr. and Mrs. James R. Dunn, of Massillon, who are now staying in Omaha. It was a rare treat to us, after a month or more of soldiers' fare, and the warm welcome extended us was highly appreciated. After the splendid dinner was disposed of, we spent an hour or two discussing the late campaign and the voyage we are about to take to our new possessions on the other side of the globe.

The ground here has been covered with snow for nearly six weeks, and the day after Christmas was not much like soldiering, for me. I was put on fatigue duty and worked hard all day shoveling snow and ice from in front of the officers' quarters.

I may not be able to write again from here, for arrangements are now being made for our departure, and within two weeks we expect to be on the way to Manila.

With kind regards to all my friends at home, I remain, Yours truly,

Otto Bantz.

Co. B, 22d Infantry.

## HIS NOSE CUT OFF.

Charles Llewellyn's Distressing Accident at Dalton.

DALTON, Jan. 3.—Charles Llewellyn, of this place, met with a peculiar yet distressing accident Monday afternoon. While skating Mr. Llewellyn collided with another with such force that he was thrown to the ice and before he could rise he was struck by a third skater, who was approaching at a very rapid gait. The skate of the latter struck Llewellyn fully in the face and completely severed the young man's nose. Llewellyn was taken to his home immediately and medical assistance was summoned. The nose was replaced, but is retained in position with difficulty and the operation may prove unsuccessful. Even should the nose grow fast the young man will be disfigured for life. Llewellyn is twenty years of age and a miner by occupation.

News of the death of Isaac Adams at Salem, Ore., on Wednesday has just reached here. Mr. Adams was an old resident of Stark county and has a son living in Canton. He located in Oregon a number of years ago.

The Layton Jubilee singers will give a concert here Wednesday night.

## WITH HIS THROAT CUT.

A Young Man is Found in His Room in Canton.

CANTON, Jan. 3.—Alfred Lininger, an engineer employed at the Deuber works, attempted to end his life Monday. He remarked to a friend that he had the "blues" and later he was found in his room with his throat cut. The gash was about two inches in length, but was not deep enough to prove instantly fatal. The young man also cut a gash in his wrist and was very faint from loss of blood when taken to the Aultman hospital. The attending physicians predict recovery.

## For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

## KINGS AND QUEENS WAGES.

What It Costs to Support Royalty in the Old Countries.

The royal family of England costs the British government, in round numbers, \$3,000,000 annually. Of this large sum the Queen receives nearly \$2,000,000 a year, besides the revenues from the Duchy of Lancaster, which amount to a quarter of a million. The Lord Lieutenant receives \$100,000 a year for his services and expenses, and the Prince of Wales \$200,000 a year.

The President of France receives \$240,000 a year and all expenses—an enormous salary, when it is remembered that the republic is groaning under a stupendous national debt of over \$6,000,000,000—the largest debt that was ever incurred by any nation in the world. Italy can have ten thousand men slaughtered in Abyssinia and still pay her King \$2,600,000 every year. The civil list of the German Emperor is about \$1,000,000 a year, besides large revenues from vast estates belonging to the royal family.

The Czar of all the Russias owns in fee simply 1,000,000 square miles of cultivated land, and enjoys an income of \$12,000,000. The King of Spain, little Alfonso XIII., if he is of a saving disposition, will be one of the richest sovereigns in Europe when he comes of age. The state allows him \$1,400,000 a year, with an additional \$600,000 for family expenses. We are said to be the richest nation on earth, and the nation most able to afford to pay the largest salary to the head of its government, yet our President's salary is only \$50,000 a year. It was only \$25,000 from 1789 to 1873.—Information.

## Meanness.

Economy is an excellent thing. That is, it is very comfortable to be able to say to one's self, "I will do without this, that or the other luxury, rather than run the risk of being a beggar in my old age," or even to find it possible to live without what is usually deemed a necessity, rather than to run in debt. But exaggerated economy, or rather meanness, is something which must render its possessor wretched, and something too which is often found in people who are too selfish to forbid themselves anything they desire. They cover rich food and fine dress, ease and idleness, but they begrudge to those who minister to their wants their well-earned price, and always forget "the laborer is worthy of his hire."

From the lips of such people you hear nothing but complaints. Every one is overreaching them. The dressmaker has sent in a frightful bill; the cook has no right to such wages; the abominable landlord thinks no rent is too much for his house; it is impossible to have any thing done without being cheated. In fine, they want all that people have to sell, and have within their souls, a miserly desire to profit.

## Elephant Great in Crime.

Few more impressive confidences can be imparted than one in which a Hindu describes how he knows his elephant intends to destroy him. It is all so seemingly trivial, and yet in reality of such deadly significance. His story is so full of details that prove the man's profound understanding of what he is talking about that one remains equally amazed at the brute's character. And yet, from the psychological standpoint, an elephant never gives any other such indication of mental power as is exhibited in its revenge. That patient, watchful, implacable hatred, often provoked simply because a man is in attendance upon another animal (for it is the rule with tuskers to detest their next neighbor), speaks more conclusively of a high intellectual guide than all stories, ability. Such concentration and fixedness of purpose, such careful, unrelaxed vigilance, such perfect and consistent pretense, and, when the time comes, such desperate, unhesitating energy as homicidal animals exhibit, are impossible without a very considerable, although in this instance very irregular, development.

No one can deny that if this creature is great at all, its greatness shows itself in its crimes. These have caused it to be worshipped in the East where men venerate nothing but merciless, irresponsible force and where an exhibition of those qualities and traits fully accounts for the formula, "My lord the elephant."

## Voltaire's Death.

"Some years ago an individual well-known and highly respected in the religious world, narrated in my hearing the following incident. In early life, while with a college companion, he was making a tour on the Continent, at Paris his friend was seized with an alarming illness. A physician of great celebrity was speedily summoned, who stated that the case was a critical one and much would depend on strict attention to his directions. As there was no one at hand upon whom they could place much reliance, he was requested to recommend some confidential and experienced nurse. He mentioned one, but added—'You may think yourself happy indeed should you be able to secure her services, but she is in so much request amongst the higher circles here, that there is little chance of finding her disengaged.' The narrator at once ordered his carriage, went to her residence, and, much to his satisfaction, found her at home. He briefly stated her errand, and she said she would attend, but would ask one question—'Is your friend a Christian?' 'Yes,' he replied; 'but I should like to know your reason for asking.' 'Sir, she answered, 'I was the nurse that attended Voltaire in his last illness, and for all the wealth of Europe, I would never see another infidel die.

## HOW THEY MOURN.

STRICT CEREMONIES FOLLOWED WHEN A ROYALIST DIES

Lesser Court Mourning is Observed For Those of Lower Rank—Shorter Veils After the First Six Weeks—Second Quarter Less Severe.

Courts of monarchical lands have their ceremonial precepts and a fixed rule for conducting court mourning. The deceased of the monarch or his wife means six months of mourning by the entire court, and six more months to follow, when only the members of the royal family mourn.

Should a prince or princess die great mourning consists of but six months, three for the entire court and three for the imperial family.

When a relative prince or an outside principality dies less court mourning is observed, consisting of but thirty days; and, again, for a prince, not a relative, only fourteen days are devoted to the wearing of crape.

The great mourning at court requires that no festivities shall take place within the royal house during the first three months. Not even grand dinners or luncheons are allowed. Then the wearing apparel is prescribed to the minutest detail. All ladies, residents or visitors at court, must wear for the first six weeks black crape dresses, made of material without lustre, and wear over their faces and hanging down the back a long black veil, small black hats and black woolen gloves.

Gentlemen during court mourning, when dressed as civilians, must don a black silk waistcoat, coat and trousers of black wool or serge, black necktie and gloves of the same color. They must also have a crape cover for the upper left arm and around their hats.

After the first six weeks the ladies can abbreviate their long veils to just half the former length, and can put on some jewelry. The gentlemen can wear silk gloves provided they are in civilian garb.

In six more weeks the ladies drop their veil entirely; the military members of the court retain only the black crape around the left arm. Crape dresses may at the end of twelve weeks be replaced by silks or arias of the same color, but always closed at the neck.

The second quarter of the court mourning is less severe, unimportant festivities being tolerated, but in no case can there be music.

Six months of this mourning is succeeded by six months more for the family, and besides this only members of "personal service" must keep up the black, other ladies and gentlemen being allowed to dress according to the height of fashion.

## Magnificent Trappings.

A lady writes of a costly stud in India: "The first show of the day was Runjeet's private stud. I suppose fifty horses were led past us. The first had on its emerald trappings, necklaces arranged on its neck and between its ears, and in front of the saddle two enormous emeralds, nearly two inches square, carved all over, and set in gold frames, like looking glasses. The crupper was all emeralds, and there were stud ropes of gold put on something like martingale. Heera-Singh said the whole was valued at thirty-seven lacs (£370,000,) but all these valuations are fanciful, as nobody knows the worth of these enormous stones; they are never bought or sold. The next horse was simply attired in diamonds and turquoises, another in pearls, and there was one with trappings of coral and pearl that was very pretty. Their saddle-cloths have stones woven into them. It reduces European magnificence to a very low pitch. Behind us there was a large amphitheatre of elephants belonging to our own camp, or to the Sikhs, and thousands of Runjeet's followers, all dressed in yellow or red satin, with quantities of their horses trapped in gold and silver tissues, and all of them sparkling with jewels. I really never saw so dazzling a sight."

## Cinder Proof.

A young woman with a complexion as delicate as the blush of a rose, with the gauziest lace trimmings upon her hat and with the lightest shade of a silk dress, will sit by an open car window and the flying car cinders will pass her without making an impression on her cheek, a whisper in her ear or a stain upon her finery; but the man who sits in the seat behind her with the window closed will spoil his shirt bosom and collar, see more than a peck of the little black nuisance in his hair and whiskers, and finally a great big seven-cornered bit of coal will come crashing through the sensitive curve of his eyeball, and for the rest of his life he will have to be led about by a dog, labelled "I am blind." Beauty is cinder proof in this world.

## The Oldest Metallic Object.

Dr. J. H. Gladstone, discussing at the Royal institution the question of the metals used by the great nations of antiquity, said recently that gold was probably the first metal known to man because it is generally found native. The oldest metallic objects to which we can assign a probable date were found in a royal tomb at Nagada, in Egypt, supposed to have been that of King Menus. In one of the chambers were some bits of gold and a bead, a button, and a fine wire of nearly pure copper. If the tomb has been properly identified, these objects are at least 6,300 years old. Nearly all the ancient gold that has been examined contains enough silver to give it a light color. It was gathered by the ancients in the bed of the Ptochilus and other streams of Asia Minor.

## SAVED FROM THE WRECK.

The Sympathies of the Auctioneer Were Aroused.

Everything had been swept away in the crash—stock of goods, business house, home, even the household furniture, and now the ruined man and his wife stood with drawn and blanched faces as the auctioneer sold to the crowd of grasping curious strangers their household goods and treasured heirlooms.

Presently he held up a rocking horse, battered, scratched and paintless—the favorite plaything of their little golden haired boy, now alas! without even a roof to shelter him.

The woman turned pale, and the man started forward and cried hoarsely: "Not that. Oh, not that!"

A sudden silence fell upon the gay and frivolous crowd of buyers, and the auctioneer, with a suspicion of moisture in his eyes, turned and handed him the toy. There were fathers and mothers among that worldly and chattering assemblage, and that one touch of nature in the cry forced from the parent's heart softened every soul present.

The man seized the faded rocking horse and hurried, with the pale woman clinging to his arm, from the room.

They went to another part of the house, and he set the horse lovingly and tenderly upon the floor.

"How could you forget it?" asked the woman reproachfully.

"I intended to hide it again," said the man, "but I had no opportunity."

He took out his knife cut a slit in the horse's neck and drew out seventeen one-thousand dollar bills neatly folded.

"Some day," said the woman, "your carelessness is going to ruin you."—N. Y. Journal.

## TWO GRATEFUL WOMEN

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Can Do My Own Work."

Mrs. PATRICK DANEHY, West Winsted, Conn., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with pleasure that I write to you of the benefit I have derived from using your wonderful Vegetable Compound. I was very ill, suffered with female weakness and displacement of the womb.

"I could not sleep at night, had to walk the floor, I suffered so with pain in my side and small of my back. Was troubled with bloating, and at times would faint away; had a terrible pain in my heart, a bad taste in my mouth all the time and would vomit; but now, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound, I feel well and sleep well, can do my work without feeling tired; do not bloat or have any trouble whatever.

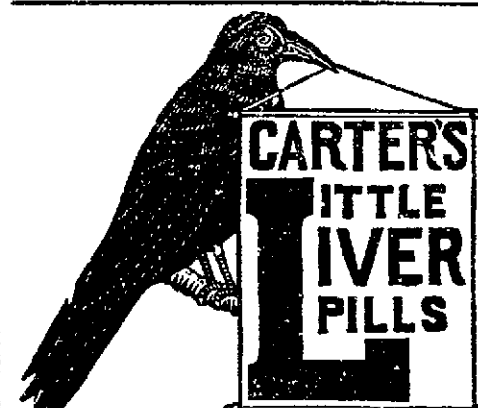
"I sincerely thank you for the good advice you gave me and for what your medicine has done for me."

"Cannot Praise It Enough."

Miss GERTIE DUNKIN, Franklin, Neb., writes:

"I suffered for some time with painful and irregular menstruation, falling of the womb and pain in the back. I tried physicians, but found no relief.

"I was at last persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and cannot praise it enough for what it has done for me. I feel like a new person, and would not part with your medicine. I have recommended it to several of my friends."



**SICK HEADACHE**

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Substitution.

the fraud of the day

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills

Frazer Axle Grease

DEMAND THE OLD RELIABLE



Not affected by Heat or Cold. Highest Awards at Centennial, Paris and World's Fair.

Manufactured by FRAZER LUBRICATOR CO., Factories: Chicago, St. Louis, New York.

## You Have a Pain,

maybe in your shoulder, or back or side; at all events you want to get rid of it. Did you ever try

## Allcock's POROUS PLASTERS

Do you know that we have hundreds of letters from all parts of the world telling us of the wonderful cures these plasters have made? Do you know that all other so-called porous plasters were started after Allcock's had acquired their enormous sales and world-wide reputation? Do you know that none of them have the medicinal properties of Allcock's? Just put them to your nose and compare the fine aromatic odor of Allcock's with the smell of all others. Don't be deceived—get the genuine article.

FOR A LARGE . . . and Complete Stock of..

## CLOTHING

HATS, CAPS, Etc.

AT -- LOW -- PRICES

...CALL ON...

J. W. FOLTZ,

CLOTHIER,

E Main St., Massillon, O.

## WARTHORST &amp; Co.

QUARRY.

BRICK. - - BRICK.

Massillon, O.

## DAILY EXCURSIONS

...TO CALIFORNIA...

Through first-class and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon leave Chicago every day in the year via the

Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Lines.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

Every Wednesday from Boston and New England and

Every Thursday from Chicago.

Lowest Rates, Shortest Time on the Road FINEST SCENERY.

Only route by which you can leave home any day in the week and travel in through cars on fastest trains all the way. Inquire of your nearest agent or write for pamphlets and information to C. Traver, 307 Smithfield Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Chicago and North-Western Railway.



RESTORED MANHOOD

DR. MOTT'S NERVINE PILLS

For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Druggist, Opera Block, Massillon.



## THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,

50 N. Erie Street. - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863.

DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.

SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 1.

FARMERS' TELEPHONE NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Hamerlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1899.

Theodore Roosevelt has been inaugurated as the thirty-sixth governor under the constitution of New York, which went into effect in 1777. Judging by the expressions of opinion from the public, it is apparent that Colonel Roosevelt will be looked upon as the people's governor, just as he was the people's candidate on election day.

Tables have been compiled by the New York Sun to show that the Populist wave has receded in the West, that the disintegration of the Democratic forces in all the Northern states by the Chicago platform continues, and that the solidity of Republicanism is unbroken. In these tables the Ohio Valley states, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, which have been the decisive and determining states of the West in close elections, are shown to have been true to their past reputation in assuring the domination of the Republican party.

The feeling of good will towards the United States acquired by Europe since the recent war with Spain is emphasized by the recent conversion of the Kreuz Zeitung, the leading Berlin newspaper, to pro-American views. This journal has for the first time done justice to American valor during the war, and now points out how a good understanding between the two countries would in many ways be desirable. It is the respect succeeding the waves of European contempt for America, referred to by a recent English periodical, compelled by the stiffening foreign policy of the English speaking races, which has caused this change of front in the leading organ of the conservative party in Germany.

Statistics of coffee importations for the past year show that the United States is the largest coffee consuming nation in the world, indicating that the peculiarly revivifying qualities of the beverage are widely recognized by a nation of people whose mental and physical energy is wasted with such prodigality that a stimulant of some sort is absolutely necessary. While the moderate use of coffee is said to be not injurious to the health, its excessive use is liable to interfere with sleep and impair digestion. The opinions of physicians on the subject widely differ, but now that the extraordinary consumption of the product in this country is generally known, the matter will probably receive more extensive investigation.

The present situation at Manila appears to be even graver than at Iloilo, for in the event of a clash between General Miller's troops and the Filipinos at the latter place there is likely to be trouble with Aguinaldo's army in the vicinity of the capital of Luzon. Against General Otis's force at Manila, reduced to 20,000 men by the necessity of sending a detachment to Iloilo, there would be a Filipino army of about 30,000 under the direct command of Aguinaldo. While the United States government will go to extremes to avoid a hostile collision, principally on account of the danger and embarrassment to the continuance of American authority over a people who would feel that they had been conquered, the arrival of the reinforcements which have been ordered to the Philippines will simplify the situation at Manila.

## LEVERS-LONG.

A Columbus Wedding in Which Massillonians Will be Interested.

THE INDEPENDENT has been requested to publish the following contributed account of a recent wedding, a notice of which has already appeared:

At Columbus, O., on the evening of the 29th of December, by the Rev. A. L. Hassler, of Indianapolis, occurred the marriage of Dr. Ernest E. Levers, of Almy, Wyoming, and Miss Bessie M. Long, daughter of the Rev. DeWitt Long, of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, of Columbus. The bridegroom is a popular physician and surgeon of the Union Pacific railroad, and the bride for many years has been the leading soprano singer in her father's church, also a teacher in the Sunday school and earnest worker in the Y. P. C. E. Society of the same church.

The marriage occurred at the aforesaid church at 6 p. m., and was witnessed by one hundred or more invited guests. The Episcopal form of wedding service was used. Mrs. E. M. Miller, the organist of the church, played the wedding march. The bridal party consisted of four ushers and two flower girls, accompanied by the bridesmaid, Miss Myrtle Long, sister of the bride, and the groomsmen, Frank Synpp, of Springfield, O., with the bride leaning upon the arm of her father. Later a reception was held at the Long residence. At midnight Mr. and Mrs. Levers left for Massillon, where they will spend a few days before leaving for their future home in Wyoming. Many beautiful and valuable presents were received.

## QUITE A WEDDING.

Four Brothers Marry Four Sisters, Near Canal Dover.

CANAL DOVER, Jan. 2.—At the village of Trail, ten miles north of here, a remarkable wedding ceremony took place yesterday, at the home of James Hockstetter, a well known farmer of this county. His four daughters, ranging in age from eighteen to twenty-eight years, were married at the same time to the four sons of John Summers, a neighboring farmer, whose ages vary but slightly. The four couples will reside within a stone's throw of each other.

## THE LIBRARY OPENED.

Enthusiasm and Interest Manifested by the Public.

OVER TWELVE HUNDRED VISITORS.

The Splendid Institution in Prospect Street Which has Become the Property of Massillon's Citizens is now Ready to be Enjoyed by Them.

The popularity and coming usefulness of the McClymonds public library are already assured by the interest and enthusiasm manifested at its opening on Monday. Long before the hour appointed visitors had arrived and before 5 o'clock over seven hundred had inspected the various departments. A rough estimate gives twelve hundred as the number of people present during the afternoon and evening. The interior of the beautiful building, which in the future is to take so large a part in the interests of Massillon's citizens, seemed particularly inviting yesterday. Ferns and other potted plants were placed here and there and bright fires burned in the reading and children's rooms. The latest newspapers and periodicals were displayed in their proper cases, and in the book room the well-filled stacks, shelves and tables gave promise of the pleasure and profit in store for the future patrons of the library. Members of the board of trustees and the three librarians, Miss Leavitt, Miss Folger and Miss Dieterich, were ready to answer questions and give any desired information, and in the large crowds, which were present almost constantly, there was no lack of sociability.

In the children's room the new benches and tables were tested by youthful visitors who found them to be just the right height; brightly bound books were examined with interest, and the magazine table was continually surrounded by a happy circle of young people. In the reading rooms visitors stopped to rest and look over the periodicals, and in the alcoves, between the stacks in the book room, quiet, interested readers found their greatest pleasure. In the evening there was music by the Mandolin Club, under the leadership of Edwin Howard, which was much appreciated; the major, members of the council and other city officials were present, and there were several out of town visitors. Among these were, Mr. and Mrs. Sherrick, Mrs. Case, Miss Martin and Mrs. Henry Harter, of Canton.

At 10 o'clock this morning the library was opened for the delivery of books, and at five minutes past 10 the first card was issued. During the morning about twenty-five applications for library privileges were received. Good many applications will probably be made when the schools are dismissed this afternoon, and throughout the evening.

## OFFICERS ELECTED.

Stockholders of the Massillon Stoneware Company Meet.

The stockholders of the Massillon Stoneware Company held their annual meeting on Monday and the following directors were selected: Andrew Boerner, Frank A. Vogt, George Leshner, Mary C. Shepley and F. R. Shepley. The directors then elected Andrew Boerner, president; Frank A. Vogt, vice president, and Felix R. Shepley, secretary-treasurer.

Massillonian Robbed in Canton.

Monday's Canton News-Democrat says: "Fritz Leininger, an aged German resident of Massillon, called at the police station this morning and reported to Turnkey Reiger that he had gone into a saloon in Saxton street, and after buying beer for the crowd tendered a twenty dollar bill in payment. The change was given him, he says, but a nimble fingered young woman succeeded in taking it from his pocket after he had placed it there. He had walked several blocks on his way to the police station when he discovered that his watch had also been taken. It is the usual tale. The police will try to recover the property, but the chances that they will succeed are slim."

Nature makes the cures after all.

Now and then she gets into a tight place and needs helping out.

Things get started in the wrong direction.

Something is needed to check disease and start the system in the right direction toward health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with hypophosphites can do just this.

It strengthens the nerves, feeds famished tissues, and makes rich blood.

See and try it; all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

## JUDGE DAY'S WELCOME.

Stark County Bar Association Honors Its Fellow Member.

A VERY INTERESTING PROGRAMME.

The Ex-Secretary and Peace Commissioner Delivers an Eloquent Address. Followed by Speeches From Members of the Association and Various Guests.

The banquet and reception given to Judge William R. Day by the Stark County Bar Association took place at the Barnett House in Canton on Monday evening. Covers were laid for one hundred people, the guests including judges of the circuit court, common pleas judges of the circuit, former judges and members of the bar association. The early hours of the evening were devoted to a concert in the corridors of the hotel, a social session of the attorneys and an informal reception in the parlors. The banquet was served at 9 o'clock after which there were toasts and speeches, the Hon. William A. Lynch being master of ceremonies. The address of welcome was delivered by Judge George E. Baldwin, the life-long friend of Judge Day, and a man often mentioned as the probable recipient of high honors in the close of the present national administration. Judge Day, in response to these words of welcome, said in part:

"I could not conceal if I would the deep sense of grateful acknowledgment which fills my heart, making vain the attempt to find words adequate to the expression of my feelings on this occasion. The words of cordial greeting from our distinguished brother have been more than kind. His words of commendation, so freely bestowed, spring, I am only too sensible, from the partiality of friendship which it has been my privilege to claim for over a quarter of a century. If in what I shall say tonight I may seem to speak more than I should of matters in which the happenings of circumstances have given me a part, I beg you to remember that my excuse is in your kindness, which seems to leave room for no other course. To the traveler who leaves home for a period, however short, no sight can be dearer than the shores of his own country, as they draw nearer and nearer to his view."

Judge Day referred to his pride in being a member of the Stark county bar, paid a fine tribute to the bench of the county, and continued:

"This bar has a just pride in the fact that we carry on our rolls the name of one whose entire professional career was with us and of us, the President of the United States. I would not encroach on the field of my distinguished friend, who is to respond to the sentiment in his honor, but I cannot forbear an expression of satisfaction that the verdict of his countrymen, no less than the approving judgment of the world, gives him the first place among the great men who have filled that high office."

"History can never adequately tell the story of the devotion with which he has given his days and nights to the service of his country. With war clouds gathering and threatening when he took the oath of his great office, he bent all of his energies to the ameliorating of the condition of the people of the 'gem of the Antilles.' Seeking not to avoid responsibility, hoping to accomplish his ends by peaceful measures, and resolved that only as a last resort should his country again 'repe the purple tennement of bleeding war.'"

"When war became inevitable, bending every energy to its vigorous prosecution by land and sea, the commander-in-chief, in fact as in name, of an army and a navy whose deeds are unparalleled in the history of warfare and have made the fact of American citizenship a passport to the respect if not the affection of all the peoples of the world."

"If I were called upon to state the most gratifying circumstance of our foreign relations during the war, it would be found in the uniformly cordial and hearty friendship of the English nation before and during the struggle. Observing the obligations of neutrality and never stepping outside the requirements of international law, we had the sympathy and good will of that great power. I don't believe either nation seeks or would be benefited by a formal alliance. Nevertheless, the existence of cordial relations between people kindred by blood, speaking the same language and having the same ideals of civil liberty and good government, is a fact, the potency of which can hardly be overestimated."

"I have been asked about the work of the commissioners viewed from a lawyer's standpoint. I think I may say something to you about it. If in excess of the proprieties of the occasion I shall ask you to treat it in professional confidence. On the 12th of August the protocol of Washington was executed. It may be said to have been the preliminary contract whose final execution was to be embodied in the treaty."

"As to Cuba, Porto Rico, minor West Indian islands, and an island in the Ladrone, it was capable of execution by a simple deed of cession of these islands, except Cuba, where final relinquishment of Spanish sovereignty was required."

"As to the Philippine islands, their disposition, government, and control was left for final determination in the treaty."

The following toasts were also responded to: "American Diplomacy," Hon. J. Twining Brooks, of Salem, vice president of the Pennsylvania Railway Company; "The President," Judge I. H. Taylor, of the common pleas court; "Bench and Bar," Judge T. T. McCarty, of the common pleas bench; "The Army

and Navy," Colonel J. J. Clark.

The following Massillonians were present: E. G. Willson, R. H. Day, R. W. McCaughey, Robert A. Pinn, F. L. Baldwin, Otto E. Young, George McCall, Orlando C. Volkmar, W. E. N. Hemperly and the Rev. C. M. Roberts. The Rev. Mr. Roberts formerly practiced law at Chillicothe. The Massillonians returned after the banquet in a special car.

Regrets were received from President McKinley; R. H. Folger, of Massillon; Judge John Jenner, of Mansfield; George F. Robinson, Judge Day's preceptor, of Ravenna; M. S. Landis, of Chicago; Judge Adams, of Zanesville, and A. J. Ricks, of the United States District Court, of Cleveland. President McKinley in his telegram said: "It would be a real pleasure to join with my brethren of the Stark county bar, as proposed by them, in doing honor to Judge Day, in whose national fame we all feel a just pride, but public engagements will prevent. Those who have for years been engaged with him in legal contests were not surprised at his great record at the head of the department of state in Washington and his no less brilliant one in the peace negotiations in Paris. It has been given to but few men to achieve so much in so short a time. He returns to you with exceptional distinction, fairly won and with you I join most heartily in affectionate congratulations. I wish for all of my old associates a happy New Year."

## AN IMPROMPTU ADDRESS

Speech of the Rev. C. M. Roberts at the Day Banquet.

The Rev. C. M. Roberts, of St. Timothy's church, made what is considered one of the finest among the speeches delivered at the banquet given in honor of Judge Day on Monday evening. Mr. Roberts was called on unexpectedly late in the evening and his remarks were entirely impromptu. William A. Lynch, the toastmaster, introduced Mr. Roberts, who practiced law before taking orders, as a backslider. The latter said:

Mr. Toastmaster and Gentlemen of the Stark County Bar: It is with some trepidation that I rise to address you at such a time and in this presence. Born, reared and brought to the bar in old Ross, where we deemed our traditions so glorious that we believed it our indefeasible right to "read our titles clear," not "to mansions in the sky," perhaps, but certainly to any mansion in any capital we might desire, we fondly dreamed of our own inherited and inalienable greatness. But tonight, for the first time, my dreams are gone, and disillusioned I stand confronting the solemn fact that nature might and would have been kinder and more generous to me had my legal eyes first been opened to the light in the midst of the splendid and matchless day of the bar of this county.

I contemplate, sir, with feelings of inexpressible sorrow the vision of what there might have been, as the paths of glory open more clearly to my freshly illuminated eyes. Nothing would or could have been beyond me from the mighty position of Czar of all the Russias to the irresponsible flower of the monarchy of the effete Chinese. And, sir, I cannot but feel that I am in this company a marked man, to be viewed with some suspicion. Your own toastmaster has characterized my leaving the bar for the pulpit as evidence of vacillation. Upon such an occasion some explanation must be made, and the distressing problem which confronts me is what, for your sakes as well as my own, shall that explanation be.

As I contemplate the consequences of a full and complete revelation of those reasons which justified my action, wisdom compels me to keep those reasons under the veil of perpetual secrecy. The consequences of such a revelation upon the courts of justice eventuating as they doubtless would in a mad rush to the protecting folds of theology, is sufficient to make me pause, but the frightful consequences to the cause of religion compels me to turn from the scene with horror. Let it be sufficient then before this tribunal for me to say, what doubtless all of you know, that it is always easier to preach than to practice.

Nor, sir, would I in all seriousness empty the bar into the pulpit if I could. There is, there can be, no nobler profession than that of the law. To us it is given to preach liberty to the world, that freedom wherever Christ hath made us free; to you to see to it that the principles we preach are wrought into the constitution and the laws of our land, and equally well with the pulpit has the bar acquitted itself of its trust—so well that America's soil in which statesmen and heroes grow. And gentlemen, I do not believe that independence was given us to hold against the race but for it. With John Adams, that real founder of this republic, I believe it a trust committed to us for the whole of God's world. In vain would the titled sit beneath their own vine and fig tree, hugging to their breasts the delusion that they can keep the blessings of freedom while the gangrene of slavery is eating out the heart of the remainder of human kind.

As well might they try to dam Niagara with a sheet of straw; as well might they hope to bottle the clouds of heaven, or lay the hand of monopoly upon the law of gravitation. Freedom was committed to us by the most high God as a trust for mankind. His ordaining hand of love is upon us. His omnipotent will is with us, sweeping down every barrier and breaking away every wall until this whole race before God shall stand free.

For more than a century Europe has flung across the sea her pessimistic faith in the enduring nature of our institutions, never better voiced than when translated for us by our own immortal Lowell:

"Nature, they say, doth date and cannot make a man."

Except upon some old and worn out plan."

But sir, tonight we fling it back again in the optimistic deeds of our statesmen and our heroes; our Websters and our

Choates, our Clays and our Bentons, our Lincolns, our Chases, our Seward, yes, in the name of our McKinleys and our Days, who in every stress of danger have guided the good ship of our state into the haven of honorable safety; in their names we fling it back across the waves answering that for these:

"Aside her old world moulds she threw  
And choosing sweet clay  
From the untainted breast  
Of the new West  
She fashioned for herself HEROES new,  
Wise, steadfast in the faith of God  
And true."

And so, sir, the honor of speaking at such a time and upon such an occasion is one I deeply feel. And what an honor it is to welcome back again to this native shores, to the comforts and the blessings of his own home, to the faith, the confidence and the boundless love of his fellow countrymen, one who has won such laurels before the world, and has done such distinguished services for his country: not because he comes like a Roman conqueror with kings and princes chained to his chariot wheel, but because under his hand and the hands of his associates nations have gone free, and because tonight, as never before in all history, there is ringing clearer, purer, nearer, truer into the atmosphere of the life of everyone the glad song of the heavenly hosts "Peace on earth, good will toward men."

## ST. MARY'S NEW RECTOR

The Rev. Henry Kaempker, of Galion, is Appointed.

WILL CONDUCT SERVICE JAN. 15.

Father Kaempker has been in Galion for the Past Twenty Years—St. Mary's Church Congregation to be Congratulated—Father Broens Receives His Appointment.

News was received in this city this morning of the appointment by Bishop Horstmann of the Rev. Henry Kaempker as rector of St. Mary's church. Father Kaempker has been for twenty years rector of St. Joseph's and St. Patrick's churches in Galion, O. He will arrive in Massillon some time next week, and will first officiate in St. Mary's church on Sunday, January 15. The Rev. Leo Broens, who has been in charge of St. Mary's parish since the illness and death of Father Kuhn, received his appointment this morning as rector of a church in Gibsonburg, O. He will leave for his new charge next week.

The Rev. Henry Kaempker was born in Westphalia, Germany, December 3, 1848. He was ordained on May 30, 1870 and came to America in October, 1874. He has been at different times rector of St. Joseph's and St. Patrick's churches in Galion since April, 1878. The Rev. Father Kuebler, of St. Joseph's church, has known Father Kaempker for the past twenty-four years and feels that the people of St. Mary's church are to be congratulated upon his appointment as their rector.

## SHOOTING MATCHES.

Massillon Marksmen Win at North Lawrence and Elton.

Scores of marksmen assembled at North Lawrence on Monday to participate in the various sweepstake events arranged for the day. A good supply of live birds was at hand and exceptionally good shooting was done. A number of Massillonians were present and during their stay in that place they were entertained by Tony Wolf and James Brown. The visitors were greatly pleased with the hospitable treatment received at the hands of the North Lawrence people. W. J. Penberthy and Frank Becker participated in the shoot, Becker securing a portion of first money. The first two events were at live birds with an entrance fee of two dollars. The scores were as follows: First event, ten bird race—Wolf 8, Becker 6, McCarty 9, Eichenberger 9, Penberthy 6, Brown 5, Bosley 4.

Second event, six bird race. Brown 3, Penberthy 4, Wolf 5, Becker 5, Eichenberger 4, McCarty 5, Peckenhaugh 1, Johnson 2, Moosey 3, J. Myers 3, C. Myers 4. First and second moneys were divided in both events.

The third race, at ten clay birds, resulted as follows: C. Myers 9, Becker 8, Peckenhaugh 8, A. B. Peckenhaugh 8, McCarty 7, Moosey 7, Wolf 7, Moosey 6, Penberthy 4, Shank 2, McGinnis 3, Eichenberger 5, J. Myers 3, Bosley 3, Johnson 1, Conklin 4. A. B. Peckenhaugh won the shoot off for second money, and Moosey third money.

James Johnson stated today that he proposed holding a match in about six weeks and would have 500 live birds in readiness. Providing ten entries can be secured at fifteen dollars each, fifty live birds will be trapped for each contestant.

A shoot was also conducted at Elton Monday, and Ray L. Markel, of Massillon, won two firsts and two seconds in the sweepstake events. He also won two turkeys.

## Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, Jan. 3, 1899:

LADIES.  
Cale, Miss John Bartel, Miss Alta Dittman, Miss Minnie Kelly, Miss Emma E. Seltz, Mrs. H. W.

MEN.  
Adams, Peter PACKAGES.  
Osborne, J. R.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

## All Right Now.



"Overwork and loss of necessary sleep made me very nervous and it was with the greatest difficulty that I could execute my solos. A friend advised me to give Dr. Miles' Nervine a trial, which I did and received immediate benefit. In a few days I was entirely relieved. I recommend it to all musicians who suffer from overworked and disordered nerves."

Otto H. Shemmer,  
2316 State St., Milwaukee, Wis.

## Dr. Miles' Nervine

is sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free.

Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

## FROM CRYSTAL SPRING.

Latest Society Gossip and Other Interesting News.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Dec. 31.—Lee Wilson raised a potato last summer that weighs four and one-half pounds. Any one doubting Mr. Wilson's word can see this article of produce which is on exhibition in town.

Alpheus Holl, of Sterling, Col., is the guest of his former schoolmate, E. J. Sprankel, of this place.

Miss Blanche Stuhldreher left for Chicago on Saturday to resume her studies.

The Needlework Guild of St. John's Evangelical church, of Massillon, hereafter will meet in Leonard's hall every Thursday.

With the completion of all improvements, the appearance of Schuster's brewery has been greatly changed. New and improved machinery occupies the place of the old, making better brewing facilities. The capacity has been doubled, and now the plant is second to none in the state.

The Hernbrook, Sonnhalter and Crystal Spring mines worked about half time this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Duncly, of Akron, are visiting in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fashbaugh, returned from Akron last night.

Joseph Fowls, of Paul's station, came to town on Friday: the peculiarity of his visit being that he was attired in the same suit of clothes that he purchased eighteen years ago. A plain calico shirt that he wore alone cost six dollars, and for his leather boots he paid the same amount. The clothes are yet in a good condition, and if taken care of, which Mr. Fowls always does, the costume will weather many a storm. Mr. Fowls stated that the whole suit cost him eighty dollars.

Chas. Bremkamp has leased much coal land north of Canton, and expects to make an opening in the new territory before long. Mr. Bremkamp is a well known coal operator of the Massillon district, and was a stockholder in the Millport Coal Company and superintendent of the No. 1 mine.

The Wendling residence was the scene of a social dance Thursday evening.

## EXTERMINATION THREATENED.

Rabbits Rapidly Decreasing in Number Throughout the State.

Now that the quail season is over hunters are devoting their attention to the rabbits, but these animals are becoming very scarce, and will be exterminated within a few years unless laws are enacted preventing market shooting. The last legislature revoked the law providing for the protection of rabbits because of complaints from farmers of various counties. These were based on the claim that rabbits were increasing so rapidly that crops and more especially young fruit trees were ruined by them.

Within a year, however, countless numbers have been killed at all seasons, and now they are as scarce as other species of game. The ferret is a deadly enemy to the rabbit and this unsportsmanlike method of hunting is responsible for the death of thousands that would ordinarily escape the hound and gun. The next legislature will be petitioned to protect the rabbits for at least six months in the year and to prevent their sale in the markets.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for bruises, cuts, sores, salt rheum, fever sores, tetanus, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzy.

The next lecture course entertainment at the Armory, Tuesday, Jan. 10.

"Pure and Sure."

**Cleveland's**  
**BAKING POWDER.**

Makes delicious biscuit for breakfast and tea.

Recipe book free. Send stamp and address. Cleveland Baking Powder Co., New York.



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Emma Williams is visiting in Cleveland.

Miss Ella Jones, of Wooster, is visiting Massillon friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stark and son have returned from Elyria.

Miss Angela Kale, of Cleveland, is the guest of Miss Anna Peacock.

Miss Minnie Kihm, who has been visiting in Medina, has returned home.

Miss Laviers, of Cleveland, is the guest of her father, Thomas Laviers.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Boghan, of Strasburg, are visiting Massillon relatives.

A Farmer's telephone has been placed in the Massillon pumping station, No. 25.

T. Stahl, of Massillon, has returned to school at Mt. Union.—Alliance Review.

A Farmers' telephone has been placed in the residence of A. W. Inman, No. 18.

A Farmers' telephone has been placed in the residence of Thomas Ekstine, No. 39.

Miss Alice Murphy, of Wooster, is the guest of Mrs. W. A. Shaffrath, in Young street.

Mrs. D. M. Kerstetter is lying dangerously ill at the home of Charles Reed, in Akron street.

One hundred and forty-three prisoners were confined in the Stark county jail during 1898.

Sixty-eight men have been enlisted at Youngstown and sent to various garrison towns within two weeks.

A new fast mail train has been added by the Pennsylvania Company and runs between New York and Chicago.

Miss Vern Clark, of Martins Ferry, who is visiting Mrs. Albert Shaidnagle will remain in the city until Monday, January 9.

The livery and feed stable of A. D. Ellis, of Akron, was completely destroyed by fire on Monday night, with all its contents, including fifteen horses.

A. F. McDougall, a well-known resident of Massillon, while working in Sistrerville, W. Va., had his eyes seriously hurt. He was taken to the Wheeling hospital where he is slowly recovering.

Frederick Brodbeck was given a surprise party on Tuesday night to celebrate his thirty-fourth birthday. The evening was spent in playing cards and other games. Supper was served at 11 o'clock.

The next lecture course entertainment is to be the lecture by George R. Wendling at the Armory on January 10th. The subject is "The Man of Galilee." The advance sale opens at Bahney's on January 6th at 8 a. m.

Canal Dover wheelmen are busily engaged preparing for the meet of the L. A. W. of Ohio, which will be held there, probably July 4. Arrangements will be made to accommodate five hundred riders and thousands of visitors.

Thomas E. Kirkbride, of Toledo, has sued Receivers Flickensderfer and Herrick, of the W. & L. E. railway, to recover damages amounting to \$50,000. Mr. Kirkbride claims to have been wrongfully ejected from a train.

The new board of trustees of the workhouse met in Canton yesterday, and organized by electing Judge Geo. E. Baldwin president and A. B. Love, secretary. George Hake, the new member took his seat, succeeding Mr. Werner. The appointment of guards was considered, but no action was taken.

Charles Marsh, a member of the "Muldoon Picnic Company," while in Alliance defrauded the Central Telephone Company by placing bogus coin in a slot machine. When confronted by officers of the law at Ashtabula he settled the account, paid all costs, and was allowed to go without prosecution.

Mrs. Harriet E. Jones, of Canal Dover, was adjudged insane and ordered taken to the Massillon state hospital. An investigation, however, disclosed the fact that Mrs. Jones was a resident of Perry county and the patient was placed in the infirmary until the Perry county officials could arrange to take charge of her.

August Leading, who resides just north of the city, was arrested at the instance of Truant Officer Fortner, of Perry township, charged with refusing to send his children to school. Leading was tried before Justice Paul this morning, found guilty and fined five dollars and the costs. Leading agreed to comply with the law hereafter.

Perry Grange, P. of H., elected the following officers for the year 1899: Master, S. B. Stern; overseer, J. B. Rodgers; Lee, Mrs. M. Smith; Steward, H. C. Everhard; Assistant Steward, A. Deitz; Chaplain, C. K. Smith; Treasurer, B. Doll; Secretary, Mrs. S. O. Eggert; G. K. J. Custer; P., Mrs. L. Abbott; C., Mrs. M. Rodgers; F., Mrs. A. Deitz; L., A. S. Mrs. M. Hartzel.

The state farmers' institute will be held in the House of Representatives at Columbus January 10 and 11, and the annual agricultural convention will be held in the same place January 12. Interesting programmes are prepared. There will also be various meetings of clubs interested in stock breeding. There are to be five members elected to the state board of agriculture.

Mayor Wise rendered his decision in the Henry Myers case Monday, sentencing that individual to the workhouse for thirty days and fining him \$100 and the costs. The latter will amount to over \$16. Myers was convicted of the burglary of Mrs. Bessie Dolman's residence in West Tremont street. Myers will be compelled to spend at least six months in the workhouse.

The calendar for 1899 shows that Shrove Tuesday comes on February 14 and that Lent will commence on February 15. Good Friday will come on March 31 and Easter Sunday will be on April

2. The holidays for the year will be as follows: Washington's birthday will be on Wednesday, May 30 will be on Tuesday and the Fourth of July will also be on Tuesday. Labor Day will be on Monday, the 4th of September. Christmas will come on Monday and the year 1900 will also begin on Monday.

The Morgan Engineering Company, of Alliance, has delivered to the government twenty of the forty-two disappearing gun carriages for which the government contracted last April, and has until next June to deliver the other twenty-two, some of which are almost ready for shipment. The carriages are built for eight-inch, ten-inch and twelve-inch guns, and are intended for coast defenses. The company employs seven hundred men and the entire works are running twenty-four hours a day.

When the public schools closed on Tuesday afternoon, a small army of would-be subscribers descended upon the McClymonds' public library and from that time on until half past five the three librarians had their hands full in attending to the wants of the young people, who were anxious to avail themselves immediately of the privileges at their disposal. Before the library closed on Tuesday evening, seventy books had been issued from the children's department and 102 volumes from the main stack room.

The German Pioneer Society held an interesting meeting in Schott's hall in East Main street on Monday evening. Over two hundred and sixty members were present, of which number over two-thirds were ladies. An appropriate programme consisting of music, speeches and singing was carried out, after which supper was served on the third floor of the building. Speeches were delivered by Christian Ludius, Philip Dieffenbacher, L. W. Gise, Amilius Boerngen, Tobias Schott and Christian Schott. Music was furnished by an orchestra, a mixed chorus and a men's choir composed of the following members: Jacob Heinrich, Paul P. Kirchhofer, L. W. Gise, John Goehler, Christian Schott, Jacob Gise and Tobias Schott. G. G. Paul was organist and also assisted with the singing.

Another great discovery has been made and that, too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery by purchasing a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at C. T. Baltzly's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00; every bottle guaranteed.

Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This is to certify that I was a sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Bell, our druggist, recommended Electric Bitters, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured. I now take pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering with this terrible malady. I am gratefully yours, M. A. Hogarty, Lexington, Ky."

Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

La Grippe Successfully Treated.

"I have just recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexico, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first, but for the use of this remedy, as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being struck with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Opera block, and Rider & Snyder.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called Grain-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it, 15c and 25c.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds. Every bottle warranted. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

There is a Class of People

who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called Grain-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c per package. Try it. Ask for Grain-O.

Drying preparations simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. A trial size will be mailed for 10 cents, large for 50 cents. All druggists keep it. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

## A WINESBURG FATALITY

Christian Fankhauser Killed by a Falling Tree.

HIS DOG BRINGS THE NEWS.

The Faithful Animal Ran Back and Forth Between the Woods and House Until Suspicion was Aroused—An Interesting Letter from Newman.

WINESBURG, Jan. 4.—Christian Fankhauser, a farmer living one mile south of Winesburg, was killed on Tuesday afternoon, by being struck by the top of a tree which he was cutting down. Mr. Fankhauser left home in the morning accompanied by his dog. He did not return to dinner, and later the suspicions of his family were aroused by the actions of the dog which ran continually back and forth between the house and woods. An investigation was made and the farmer was found pinned beneath the tree which had evidently struck him with great violence upon the chest. The accident is supposed to have occurred about noon. Fankhauser was 60 years of age and leaves a wife and seven children, the youngest being ten years old.

NEWMAN NOTES.

NEWMAN, Jan. 1.—Sarah Prosser spent several days last week at the Huber residence in Massillon.

Edward Thomas, of Navarre, spent part of his vacation at the Griffith home in our village.

E. Findley Davis, of Massillon, spent New Year's with relatives in Newman. While here he accompanied a party to the Drake coal mine and enjoyed the scenes afforded in the working of a mine.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sadler and Thomas Powell ate their New Year's turkey with the Masters family at the East End.

Charles Ashman, of Washingtonville, was the guest of the Williams family this week.

The Hon. James Cooney made our village a pleasant call while en route to Massillon to deliver his annual address at THE INDEPENDENT newboys' banquet at the Hotel Sailer. Mr. Cooney was reminded to be sure to talk enough so that all could have the pleasure of hearing him.

The election of officers for our Sunday school, commencing with the new year, resulted as follows: Superintendent, A. L. Williams; assistant superintendent, Robert Ralston, jr.; secretary, Sadie Griffith; assistant secretary, Violet Jenkins; treasurer, Margaret Findley; librarian, William Weidner.

The schools under the present management make a good report for the past year, which is very encouraging for those who devote their time for the best interests and progress of the village school. Following are the names of the pupils who have not missed a day: Ada Davis, Edward Peters, John Davis, Edward Davis, Charles Reese, Joseph Reese, Edward Roderick, Ellen Baker, Jennie Davis, Hattie Davis, Eva Dehoff, Priscilla Jenkins. The following are the names of pupils who have not been tardy: Ada Davis, Annie Davis, Mary Robertson, Blanche Rowlands, Oscar Baker, George Street, Edward Peters, Leo Peters, John Davis, Lorin Schrock, Irene Prosser, John Robertson, Rose Baker, Ellen Baker, Hattie Davis, Jennie Davis, Eva Dehoff, Beatrice Powell, Edward Davis, Joseph Ralston, Charles Reese, Joseph Reese, Samuel Rummus, Calvert Weidner.

We notice that the recent national convention of the Knights of Labor, through Secretary-Treasurer John W. Hayes, has decided to assess each member, in good standing, twenty-five cents for the purpose of conducting a law suit against United States Commissioner of Immigration Terrence V. Powderly, who was the most successful leader that order ever had. It seems that Mr. Powderly has sued the order for back pay, while it is alleged by Hayes, he voluntarily reduced his salary sometime prior to his resigning the office of master workman. Now, Hayes proposes to collect from the members of the order more than double the amount that Powderly claims, to fight the matter in the courts, just in order to satisfy Hayes, for he does not care how much the costs amount to, as long as he can have the pleasure of dawning Powderly. This looks too much like biting your nose to spite your face. Quarters are entirely too scarce to be used for any such purpose, and the "Hill" has refused to supply any to Mr. Hayes.

THE NEWS OF CRYSTAL SPRING.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Jan. 4.—The dance given by Richard Smith on Monday evening in Pahlau's hall was well attended.

William Mong, of Company G, Fourth O. V. I., left today for Columbus to join his regiment. He had been home on a sixty-days' furlough to visit his parents.

Joseph Yondo went to Cleveland last Sunday.

Mrs. Thomas Dunckley returned to Akron, Tuesday.

A quintette of our professional skaters left early Tuesday morning for Akron, going by way of the Ohio canal. They arrived at their destination in good time, not affected the least from the trip. All went well until the sun shone brightly, which the boys thought would make the day pleasant and the climate more congenial to skaters. But, alas! it proved quite the contrary, for the radiant glow thawed the ice so badly that the once happy crowd was compelled to remain in Akron for the night. Today, however, they got off the train with their skates under their arms, declaring that a journey on the canal was not a successful adventure.

Private information received in town states that Charles Palmer has arrived at Fort Crook, Neb., and has been mobilized into the Twenty-second United

States Infantry.

WEST LEBANON NOTES.

WEST LEBANON, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Laura Brown, of near Fox Lake, is visiting at the residence of her father-in-law, Samuel Brown.

Jacob Rudy, who has been working for Christ Camp, is visiting relatives here.

John Cramer and wife visited in Wooster last week.

The truant officer was around on Monday looking for the school children who did not respond to the reformer's roll call. It is reported that Marshville will secure the grist mill.

The Rev. Mr. Torbet will begin revival meetings at the M. E. church on Sunday evening.

A. G. Rudy will move on the Cope farm, near East Greenville, April 1st.

Another corps of engineers is surveying south from Apple Creek to West Lebanon, paralleling the Camp railroad.

Sporting men attended the shooting match from Mt. Eaton, Elton, Kidron and many other places. Turkeys, geese and ducks were the prizes.

A mad dog is reported to have passed near here on Friday, attacking several persons and seriously biting a lady east of town.

KEEHN RESIDENCE BURGLARY.

NAVARRE, Jan. 1.—The residence of Aaron Keehn, who lives in the country near here, was burglarized between 4 and 9 o'clock Tuesday evening. Some jewelry and \$124.25 in money are missing. Mr. Keehn has offered \$25 reward for the capture of the thief and the return of his property. The burglary is supposed to have taken place while the family were milking.

OHIO MINE WORKERS.

Their Annual Convention Begins Thursday in Columbus.

MASSILLON DISTRICT DELEGATES.

Fully Fifteen Hundred Miners Represented by Them—William Morgan a Candidate for the State Vice Presidency—Friends Predict his Election.

The annual convention of the miners of Ohio will be held at Columbus this week, the first session beginning Thursday. Fully one thousand and five hundred miners of the Massillon sub-district organization will be represented by the following delegates: William Morgan, John Mossop, John Thomas, Robert Legg and P. J. Dickerhoff. Most of the delegates left for Columbus this morning, and other Massillon miners will attend the convention although in no official capacity. At this convention state officers will be elected and one of the candidates for state vice president is William Morgan.

Mr. Morgan's friends are confident of his election, and have been working energetically in his behalf. Mr. Morgan has the undivided support of the Massillon miners, and with the assistance of one other district his election can be accomplished. He is well versed in mining matters, and this fact is recognized throughout the mining districts of Ohio. The convention will also vote to establish the gross weight system under the anti-screen law passed by the last legislature. Massillon delegates were instructed by the district convention to support the movement.

THROUGH A TRANSOM.

A Patient at the Asylum Escaped Tuesday Morning.

Robert Taggart escaped from the Massillon state hospital for insane early Tuesday morning. Taggart was confined in the hospital building, and while passing from one room to another opened a transom over a door leading to the outside and crawled through. His absence was detected almost immediately, but he had gained too much of a start to be overtaken, and word was received early this morning that he had arrived there late Tuesday night, probably having walked the entire distance, about thirty-five miles. Assistant Supervisor Stone left for Dennison at 9:41 o'clock this morning and will return with Taggart this afternoon.

MORGAN CAPTURED.

Stabbed Two Men in a Saloon Fight at Sherodsville.

John J. Morgan, who on Christmas day stabbed two men named Moran in a saloon fight at Sherodsville and escaped arrest, was captured at Uhrichsville by the Sherodsville marshal on Tuesday afternoon. Morgan practically gave himself up, having had enough of the life of a fugitive from justice. Morgan is a son of Jack Morgan, and formerly resided in Massillon.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

JOHN V. AXNE.

John V. Axne, aged 23 years and son of John Axne, died at 9:30 o'clock this morning of diphtheritic paralysis, after an illness of three weeks. The funeral will be a private one and will be conducted from the house at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Mr. Axne leaves a wife, having been married on the 23d day of last March.

Dyspepsia

Is weakness of the stomach. It is the source of untold misery. It may be cured by toning and strengthening the stomach and enriching and purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many thousands have been cured by this medicine and write that now they can eat anything they wish without distress.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists. \$1.50 for \$3. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE  
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome  
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Peace Treaty has been Presented to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—The peace treaty between Spain and the United States was presented to the Senate, which immediately went into executive session to refer it to the committee on foreign relations. At 12:15 the Senate adjourned.

The Senate ordered that the peace treaty be printed for the use of the committee on foreign relations. The committee will meet on Friday, and it is expected that the treaty and all proceedings of the commission will then be made public.

The announcement was made today, on the highest authority, that Joseph H. Choate, of New York, will be nominated as ambassador to Great Britain.

Less than one hundred members were present when the House convened today. The bill providing for criminal procedure in the territory of Alaska was taken up.

READY TO REBEL.

People of Santiago Inensed Over Brooke's Orders.

SANTIAGO, Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—The order that all custom receipts must be sent to Havana has produced intense excitement here, and the situation is critical. In the present state of affairs a spark would start an insurrection. General Brooke, military governor of the island, utterly ignores General Wood, military governor of the province of Santiago, and sends orders direct to subordinates. He has ordered the postal authorities to close several minor postoffices, which has caused much discontent among the people affected. Dr. Castello, representing British interests in Santiago, will accompany General Wood to Washington to lay the matter before the President.

SPANISH DENIALS.

MADRID, Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—It is positively denied here that the Spanish evacuated Hilo for the purpose of harassing the Americans. The orders sent to the commanders in the Philippines called for the evacuation of all points as quickly as possible, to avoid further conflict with the insurgents.

DINGLEY WORSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—Latest reports from Congressman Dingley says he is not so well today, having had a restless night, with high fever. Friends of the congressman are much alarmed over his condition.

ENGINE GOES INTO THE RIVER.

Narrow Escape of Ninety Passengers on the Missouri Pacific.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—The east bound Missouri Pacific train was derailed one mile west of this city at 3:30 a. m. Engineer Charles Slawson, of Sedalia, and Fireman Soil, of St. Louis, were killed. The engine struck a boulder and rolled over into the Missouri river. The cars left the track on the opposite side, thus saving ninety passengers from death.

Railway Trestle Burned.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—A fire of mysterious origin burned out eighty feet of the trestle on the line of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern road, near Lawrenceburg, Ind., last night. The west bound train would inevitably have been wrecked, as a sharp curve hid the trestle from view, but the fire was discovered by Operator Fisher, of the Big Four telegraph station. Trains are running over the Big Four track until the trestle can be rebuilt.

Calumet Stock Farm to be Sold.

AKRON, Ill., Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—The Calumet stock farm, with forty head of horses and brood mares, including the famous pacing stallion Roy Wilkes 2004, is in the hands of the sheriff, to be sold January 14 to satisfy a judgment of \$5,700 in favor of Mrs. Davies, wife of the president of the company.

Standard Oil Investigation.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 4.—[By Associated Press]—The hearing of the Standard oil investigation before Commissioner Britsmade was not resumed today, because the attorney general's motion tooust Britsmade as master commissioner is to be heard by the supreme court tomorrow.

As Well as She Ever Was.

My mother has been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and strongly recommends it. She was troubled with catarrh and nervousness, and was all run down and Hood's Sarsaparilla relieved her wonderfully. She has gained in flesh and says she now feels as well as she ever did. Rufus L. Courts, Georgetown, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. Mailed for 25c by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

George R. Wendling at the Armory, Tuesday, Jan. 10.

Notice to Stockholders!

MASSILLON & CLEVELAND RAILROAD COMPANY.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

MASSILLON, O., January 3, 1899.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the general office of the company in the Massillon Savings and Banking Company, in the city of Massillon, O., on Tuesday, 7th day of February, 1899.

JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary.

Maps For Ready Reference.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. has just issued in convenient form for household, library and school reference an atlas of seven colored maps of the world, the United States and our new possessions in the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, together with an amount of valuable information connected therewith—all up to date. This atlas will be sent free to any address on receipt of six or eight cents in postage.

Apply to Geo. H. Healyford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, or to E. G. Hayden, Traveling Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

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My mother has been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and strongly recommends it. She was troubled with catarrh and nervousness, and was all run down and Hood's Sarsaparilla relieved her wonderfully. She has gained in flesh and says she now feels as well as she ever did. Rufus L. Courts, Georgetown, Mass.

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MASSILLON, O., January 3



## VERY SMART.

Gave the Bull a Keg of Beer and He in Turn a \$100 Damage.

"Speakin' about folks doin' sich mighty smart things," said the farmer man as he threw the hay-cod off his hat, "makes me remember a leele adventure I had about 15 years ago. I was standin' at the gate of my farmhouse one day when a brewery wagon come along on its way over to the village. Jest beyond my house the wheels fell into a rut and one of the kegs was bounced off. I hollered to the driver, but he didn't stop, and I got the keg and rolled it into the barn. Nobody came for the keg, and a month had gone by when a big bull, which was owned by a farmer five miles away, came bellerin' along the road. He wasn't doin' any harm to anybody, and he'd have gone on about his business but for me. I struck me all of a sudden to offer him that keg of beer. I was obliged to death at the thought of makin' the critter drunk and while he was pawin' up the earth and lookin' over the fence, I got the keg out into the barnyard and knocked the head in. Then I left the gate open, and of course the bull turned in as he come along. It was a hot day, with no water around and he went for that keg at once. He didn't like the first taste, but he kept sippin' away and by and by he upst the keg in tryin' to get the last pint. I watched for effects, an didn't have to wait long."

"It made him boozy, did it?" was asked. "The bull was regularly drunk, sir. His head began to swim, same as a man's, and he was astonished. He stood about 15 minutes with his legs all braced, and then the dizziness went away, and he got silly. Seems to me he tried to be best to laugh. I was expectin' to see him begin to dance around when the feelin' suddenly struck him that he was the boss bull of the United States. He couldn't talk, and so he couldn't brag, but it didn't need words to show what was passin' in his mind. He began to paw and beller and lash his tail and I threw clubs at him to start him goin'." It wasn't long before he started."

"What did he do?"

"Wall, as there wasn't a livin' thing in the barnyard for him to pitch into he went for my new wagon. It cost \$60 and I had just got it home. In five minutes he 'ad kindlin' wood of the faling, and then he turned to the barn. All the doors were shut, but he smashed in through the big ones and made splinters of my fanning mill, broke the corn shelter and hooked down and destroyed two sets of harness. That was all he could get at in there, and he come out and threw down five rods of fence and got into the orchard. I tried to club him off, but he broke down or upst 20 young apple trees, drove me into the house, and he might have come in after me if he hadn't stopped to upst the smokehouse and three beehives. When the hives went over about a million bees flew out and wanted to know what was goin' on, and as soon as they got to work the bull started for home. He was stung so bad that he died after a day or two, but that didn't console me much. I had tried to be cute and smart and play a gum game on a harmless old bull and I figured up that I was over \$100 out of pocket and the biggest fool in the State."—Rochester Times and Chronicle.

## The Bishop at the Station.

A certain bishop, in traveling through his diocese had occasion to change at a wayside junction. While waiting for his train he seized the opportunity of making friends with the station-master. On this occasion he did not find it easy to discover the exact topic in which his new friend was interested. So reluctantly he fell back on his particular "shop," i. e., the traffic. "I suppose, with the race meeting taking place to-day, there has been some very heavy traffic on your line?" Inadvertently the bishop had indeed touched the station-master's weakest point—not the traffic, but racing. So for the next quarter of an hour he listened in his kindly way to the various merits of the horses engaged in the St. Leger, and their chances of success. At last, to the bishop's great relief, it must be admitted, the train arrived, and shaking hands with his racing friend, he got into a carriage. He had not traveled very far, however, when the train having pulled up, he heard the station-master's voice, asking if the Bishop of — was in the train. Hastily the bishop declared his presence. Of course, his fellow-passengers in the third-class carriage (it was the bishop's habit) he always traveled third class) were all glad to know when the station-master waded with the bishop, while cure a little bit of his race card around the carriage window. Up comes the official, making a polite bow, and to the bishop's utter surprise, "You must be a very good man," said the station-master, "and I am glad to see you."—London Chronicle.

## Above Suspicion.

"Sir," said a member of a South London vestry in indignation, "I saw the chairman of the Health Committee—who is a bunder—drinking with a sanitary inspector. This may be innocent enough—I don't suggest anything—but it doesn't look well. I hope our officers are not to be influenced by a drink, but I think they should be—like Potiphar's wife—above suspicion."—London Chronicle.

## Had Done Pretty Well.

"I never was much on fiction," said the young man.

"My boy," replied the wise father, "have you forgotten the expense account you used to send me when you were at college?"

## SHEEP NOTES.

Sheep have two teeth in the centre of the jaw at one year old, and add two each year until five years old, when they have a "full mouth." After that time the age cannot be told by the teeth.

The Breeders' Gazette well says: "There is slight possibility that the farmers of this country will ever have too many sheep; the danger lies in their giving more attention to number than to the quality of animals making the increase."

Sheep do not want a place warmer than 60 degrees in the winter, but after the lambs are dropped neither they nor the ewes should have a place colder than 50 degrees for the first two weeks or colder than 45 degrees for two weeks after.

Sheep need frequent feeding, and daily access to salt and a plenty of pure water, which they can go to as they please. No other animal will go from food to salt and from salt to water as often as the sheep will when they have a chance.

Sheep allowed to run upon plowed ground lie in the furrow to keep cool and to rid themselves of ticks, but it is an injury to the quality of the wool. It is better to have a shade in the pasture with a clean turf to lie on, and to keep the ticks off by using the dip at proper intervals.

An Australian breeder is trying to breed a flock of black sheep by using only black ewes with a black ram, and rejecting from the lambs all that do not breed "true to color." The advantage is expected to be in the wool requiring less dye and having a more durable color. Such sheep might be adapted to a cold country, as the black wool absorbs more heat than the white.

Because sheep eat weeds is no reason for keeping them on a diet of that kind entirely. They prefer a variety, and will eat many substances in the fields that cattle will not touch, but sheep should be given a feed at the feed rack when they come up at night. When this is done regularly they will learn to appear at the barnyard without the necessity of sending to the fields for them.

At the Wisconsin Experiment Station they have been testing the relative cost of mutton and pork. Lambs and pigs of about the same age were taken and the same kind of food, as far as practical, was used. The lambs gained 100 pounds at a cost of \$2.91, and the pigs 100 pounds at a cost of \$3.03. In Chicago markets the best hogs sell at a range of \$5 to \$5.55 per hundredweight and the lambs at from \$5 to \$5.75 per hundredweight. The lambs, as will be seen, cost the least and sell at the highest price.

In an essay read by an English sheep owner before the Royal Agricultural Society of England, he says: "He selected ewes and lambs, weighed and divided them in the middle of May, folded onchalf in the clover field and fed with cut mangel-wurzel and a little hay-chaff; their lambs ran through the hurdles on a good pasture of red clover. The other lot were left at large on white clover and trefoil; their lambs also ran on a good piece of red clover, and both lots of lambs had a small quantity of peas. At the end of twenty-eight days the lambs of the ewes fed on mangels had gained twenty-one pounds, the other lot eighteen pounds. This is a gain of five pounds per week for four weeks, upon the lambs fed upon mangels."

## Keeping Swine Cheaply.

The best results with swine are obtained when they are kept on grass. Good succulent grass keeps them in health, and produces far better pork than grain-fed swine. The large increase in our export of pork should be followed by a universal effort to make better pork. The best pork is the lean, or at least where the lean predominates, and this is not obtained by feeding the animals on rich grain. Grass is the most natural food for swine, and it is also the cheapest. Next to this, vegetables are the most desirable, and fruits stand a good third. The corn and grain swine are the dearest to raise and the least desirable.

A revolution is going on gradually in the pig feeding for pork, and we must follow in this line to keep abreast of the time. The old way of penning the swine up in filthy pens to wallow in their own manure, and then feeding them to satiety with corn and grain until they got so fat they could hardly move, was against all the laws of nature. The animal's systems became stuffed up and unable to perform their functions. Excessive layers of fat were produced, which very few people cared about. The modern system is to turn the pigs into the grass fields every year, and let them eat clover, weeds and vegetables, giving them only a limited amount of grain. This keeps them clean, prevents disease and a feverish condition of the body, and makes them cool and quiet the year round. A sow that is brought up in this way bears fine pigs, and brings them up in truly royal style. Strange to say, the cheapest foods produce the best pork, for it makes lean, and not fat, pork.

## Keeping Cabbage in Winter.

If it is desired to keep cabbage in a cellar it should be put in bins or boxes, and be covered with a layer of straw. Such house cellars are best for keeping any vegetables well, and cabbage will bear colder weather than most vegetables. In a dry place, out of doors dig a furrow eight inches deep, put the cabbages in heads down and earth up, leaving only a little of the stem below the roots exposed. They will freeze thus, but are more apt to be injured from warmth in winter than from freezing. A few for use in coldest weather, when these benches cannot be opened handily, may be kept in the house cellar.

## Cider From Curpie Apples.

A paragraph from a French authority advises using curpie or por apples for cider, adding a quantity of sugar to improve quality and conceal defects. If the object be to make a more dangerous and "heady" liquor this recipe will accomplish it. At best cider after fermentation should not be drunk by any one at all inclined to alcoholic habits. The malic acid of the cider with the alcohol it contains has led hundreds of farmers' sons to the use of alcohol in other forms, though by injuring weak digestion it often produces rather a stupid than violent form of drunkenness, but occasionally it works the other way, especially with those of bilious habit.

It has been observed that there is a great family resemblance among the English Christmas weeklies. On the front cover there are always three wily, young ladies putting up holly in the parsonage, and on the back cover a soap advertisement. Inside one invariably finds silverware and cheap jewelry announcements, with more soap literature, a couple of Dickensian stories and the time-honored comic fox-hunt in two pages of small colored pictures.

The Germans have always been proud of Leibnitz as one of the greatest philosophers, resenting the various attempts that have been made in France and elsewhere to prove that he was of Slavic descent. Kuno Fischer felt inclined to admit that his name was of Slavic (Polish) origin. Not long ago, however, Dr. Croker discovered in the Leipzig library a genealogical table of the Leibnitz family, which enabled him to trace it back as far as 1450 in Central Germany.

J. C. Stevens sold by auction recently in his room in Convent Garden "the beautiful pale silk vest worn by Charles I on the sea, old." So far as the documents sold with the vest go, the pedigree of the article is fairly well attested. On the execution of the king the vest passed into the hands of Dr. Hobbs, his physician, who attended him upon the occasion; the relic then passed from the doctor to his daughter, Susannah Hobbs, who married Temple Stranger, of Rawlins, in the county of Oxfordshire. It passed through many hands, but apparently never left the family, and it was left at the death of Temple Hardy to Admiral Daeth, of Knowlton Court, Kent, who died in 1873. Its subsequent history is not explained. The bidding started at 10 guineas, and the hammer fell at 200 guineas.

## A Snake in a Baseball Game.

Two Pond Eddy (N. Y.) clubs were playing a game of baseball recently, when a batter struck a ball over into left field, and the fielder ran to get it. The ball rolled along through the grass, and when the player who was after it got to where he had seen it stop, he was almost paralyzed to see lying there, instead of the ball, a big rattlesnake, coiled to strike. The player jumped back in time to escape the fangs of the snake for it struck savagely at him. The player smashed the snake's head with a stone. The ball lay in the snake's coils. It is supposed that the snake was lying asleep in the grass, when the ball rolled along and ran against him. The reptile had instantly coiled around the object and prepared for suspected danger.

A lady tells us that when she was a poor little girl, living in the country, she used to "plant corn in her bare feet." This imparts a new idea of those troublesome things growing on our toes.

Burgin—"I see the scientists claim that strawberries are ninety-one per cent water." Ralston—"The scientists are away off. Strawberries are ninety-one per cent box bottom."

## Scrofula to Consumption.

Any one predisposed to Scrofula can never be healthy and vigorous. This taint in the blood naturally drifts into Consumption. Being such a deep-seated blood disease, Swift's Specific is the only known cure for Scrofula, because it is the only remedy which can reach the disease.

Scrofula appeared on the head of my little grandchild when only 18 months old. Shortly after breaking out it spread rapidly all over her body. The sores on the soles would peel off on the slightest touch, and the odor that would arise made the atmosphere of the room sickening and unbearable. The disease next attacked the eyes, and we feared she would lose her sight. Eminent physicians from the surrounding country were consulted, but could do nothing to relieve the little innocent, and gave it as their opinion that the case was hopeless and impossible to save the child's eyesight. It was then that we decided to try Swift's Specific.



That medicine at once made a speedy and complete cure. She is now a young lady, and has never had a sign of the disease to return.

Mrs. Ruth Berkeley, Salina, Kan.

Scrofula is an obstinate blood disease, and is beyond the reach of the average blood medicine. Swift's Specific

## S.S.S. For The Blood

is the only remedy equal to such deep-seated diseases; it goes down to the very foundation and forces out every taint. It is purely vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no mercury, potash or other mineral substance whatever.

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

## HOTEL SCHENLEY

The New Hotel Opposite SCHENLEY PARK PITTSBURG, PA.

15 STORIES, 250 ROOMS, FINEST IN THE COUNTRY. American and European Plans.

T. EDWARD KREMBHOLTZ & JAMES RILEY

## DON'T SAY NO

But buy now, it's the best time. Everything in the Clothing line for Men's, Boys' and Children's wear way down in price, and our qualities have not been reduced.

Men's Stiff or soft hats, all colors, \$1.25 to \$2.50 Children's Box Overcoats at \$1.98 to \$6.00  
Men's Suits and Overcoats from 5.00 to 20.00 Men's Mackintoshes at 1.98  
Boys' Ulsters 1.50 to 2.00 Heavy underwear, per suit 70

Limited space forbids the mention of any more, but you all know we have it and sell it at the right price.

## C. M. Whitman, Cash Clothier.

## BIFF, BANG, BOOM, ZIP, Zzz--

## FACTORY PRICE SALE OF DELAYED MERCHANDISE.

Which we are now unpacking. Owing to the great rush of freight on all railroads, a lot of goods are now coming in which must be disposed of at some price. We have added to this list our entire Lamp and Crockery Department and various other goods, too numerous to classify, making these last days the most memorable in the history of this Famous Store For Bargains.

## READ CAREFULLY FOLLOWING LIST OF DELAYED MERCHANDISE:

Sideboards, bought to sell at \$22.00,

Now \$17.50

Sideboards, bought to sell at \$18.50,

Now \$15.00

Sideboards, bought to sell at \$16.00,

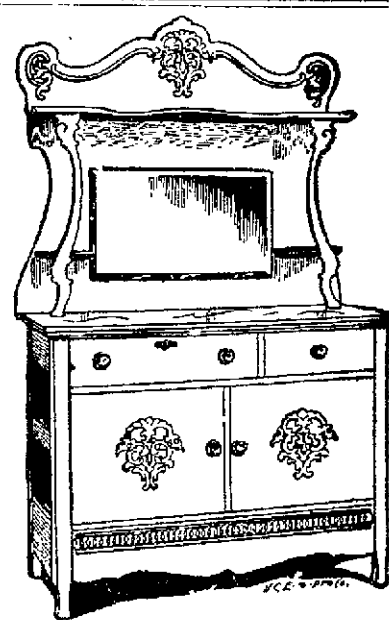
Now \$12.75

Above are all large, 48-in. Sideboards, polish finish. We add to this list.

Our \$75 Sideboards for \$58.75

Our \$50 Sideboards for \$41.50

Our \$25 Sideboards for \$18.00



## Lamps, China and Crockery.

100-piece Dinner Sets, bought to sell at \$13.50, now \$10.75.

All \$2.00 China pieces now \$1.50, consisting of Celeries, Salads, Trays, etc.

\$1.00 pieces now 75c.

We have added to above all \$14.00, \$15.00 and \$16.00 Semi-Porcelain Dinner sets for \$12.75.

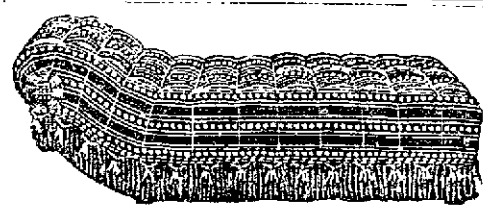
## CHAMBER SETS.

6-piece China Sets, \$1.58.

10-piece China Sets, 1.89.

## THE LARGEST STOCK OF LAMPS IN THE CITY.

Notice our cut price on high grade Artists' Lamps. They are the genuine goods—no imitation. \$15.00 Lamp now \$12.00; \$12.00 Lamp now \$10.00; \$10.00 Lamp now \$8.00; \$8.00 Lamp now \$6.00; Fine Brass Banquet Lamps \$3.75, \$4.50 and \$5.50, that sold for \$7.00, \$8.00 and \$10.00.



Bought to sell for \$15.00, now \$12.00.

## BOOK-CASES.

Combination Book-Case, bought to sell for \$30.00, now \$25.00  
\$25.00 Book-Cases now 20.00  
22.00 Book-Cases now 18.00  
20.00 Book-Cases now 16.75

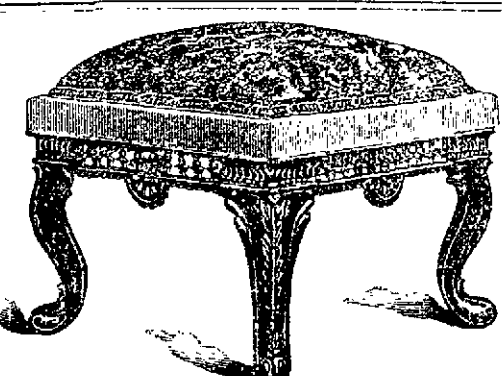
Our \$15.00 Book-Case can not be duplicated anywhere.

## JUST RECEIVED—25 ROCKERS.

Mahogany or Golden Oak Frames, Hand Polished, Upholstered in Latest Pattern of Finest Velours, bought to sell at \$4.50.

NOW 3.75.

The Greatest Rocker Bargain On Earth.



ONLY \$1.25.

25% Discount on Pictures, Easels, etc.  
25% Discount on Odd Parlor Chairs, Divans, Parlor Suites, etc.

"YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD"

63 65 South Erie.

## BENEDICT'S WHITE PALACE.







